## Section 1 - Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 **Product Identifier**  
**Trade Name:** Accel-T™

1.2 **Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**  
**General Use:** Tin-Cure Silicone Catalyst  
**Restrictions on Use:** None known

1.3 **Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**  
**Company:** Smooth-On, Inc.,  
5600 Lower Macungie Rd., Macungie, PA 18062  
**Telephone:** Phone (610) 252-5800 FAX (610) 252-6200  
**E-mail address:** Visit our website at www.smooth-on.com or email www.sds@smooth-on.com

1.4 **Emergency Contact:**  
**Chem-Tel** Domestic: 800-255-3924 International: 813-248-0585

## Section 2 – Hazard(s) Identification

2.1 **Classification of the substance or mixture:**  
**GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 (OSHA HCS)**

- **H317** Skin sensitization – Category 1  
- **H318** Serious eye damage – Category 1  
- **H361** Reproductive toxicity – Category 2  
- **H412** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity – Category 3

2.2 **GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements**

- **Pictogram(s):**  
- **Signal word:** Danger

**Health Hazards**
- **H317** May cause an allergic skin reaction  
- **H318** Causes serious eye damage  
- **H361** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Environmental Hazards**
- **H412** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

**General Precautions**
- **P101** If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
- **P102** Keep out of reach of children.  
- **P103** Read label before use.  
- **P201** Obtain special instructions before use.
Prevention Precautions
P202    Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P261    Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P272    Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273    Avoid release to the environment.
P280    Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response Precautions
P302 + P352   IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305 + P351+ P338  IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310    Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P333 + P313   If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P363    Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage Precaution
P405    Store locked up.

Disposal Precautions
P501    Dispose of contents/container according to local, state and federal laws.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS – none known

Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

3.1 Substances/Mixtures
The following ingredients are hazardous according to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: 29 CFR 1910.1200:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tin(II) bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
<td>301-10-0</td>
<td>&gt;97%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation
Remove source(s) of contamination and move victim to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration, then oxygen if needed. Contact physician immediately.

Eye Contact
Flush eyes with plenty of water occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check and remove any contact lenses if safe to do so. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

Skin Contact
In case of skin contact, wash thoroughly with soap and water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Ingestion
Do not induce vomiting unless instructed by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an
unconscious person. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and specific treatment needed, if necessary.

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**Section 5 - Fire-Fighting Measures**

5.1 Extinguishing Media
Water Fog, Dry Chemical, and Carbon Dioxide Foam

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur, and the container may burst.

5.3 Advice for firefighters
Use water spray to cool fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personnel. Shut off “fuel” to fire. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors. Either allow fire to burn under controlled conditions or extinguish with foam or dry chemical. Try to cover liquid spills with foam. Because fire may produce toxic thermal decomposition products, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full-face piece operated in pressure demand or positive-pressure mode.

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**Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Only properly protected personnel should remain in the spill area; dike and contain spill. Stop or reduce discharge if it can be done safely.

6.2 Environmental precautions
Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains or unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. No special environmental precautions required.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Put on appropriate protective gear including NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus, rubber boots and heavy rubber gloves. Dike and contain spill; absorb or scrape up excess into suitable container for disposal; wash area with dilute ammonia solution. Stop or reduce discharge if it can be done safely. Follow applicable OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.120) for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections
See Section 3 for list of Hazardous Ingredients; Sections 8 for Exposure Controls; and Section 13 for Disposal.

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**Section 7 - Handling and Storage**

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Use good general housekeeping procedures. Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices.
7.2 **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**
Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well ventilated place away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibles. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet local standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Avoid water contamination.

7.3 **Specific end use(s)**
These precautions are for room temperature handling. Other uses including elevated temperatures or aerosol/spray applications may require added precautions.

### Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters
None defined

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Respiratory Protection**
Respiratory protection is not normally required when using this product with adequate local exhaust ventilation. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, follow OSHA respirator regulations 29 CFR 1910.134 and European Standards EN 141, 143 and 371; wear an MSHA/NIOSH or European Standards EN 141, 143 and 371 approved respirators equipped with appropriate filter cartridges as a backup to engineering controls.

**Hand Protection**
Wear any liquid-tight gloves such as butyl rubber, neoprene or PVC.

**Eye Protection**
Safety glasses with side shields per OSHA eye- and face-protection regulations 29 CFR 1910.133 and European Standard EN166. Contact lenses are not eye protective devices. Appropriate eye protection must be worn instead of, or in conjunction with contact lenses.

**Other Protective Clothing/Equipment**
Additional protective clothing or equipment is not normally required. Provide eye bath and safety shower.

**Comments**
Never eat, drink, or smoke in work areas. Practice good personal hygiene after using this material, especially before eating, drinking, smoking, using the toilet, or applying cosmetics. Wash thoroughly after handling.

### Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance: viscous light yellow liquid</td>
<td>Vapor pressure: None (Polymeric Resin)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor: No data</td>
<td>Vapor density (Air=1): &gt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH: N.A. (non-aqueous)</td>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature: &gt;752 °F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point: 235 °F</td>
<td>Solubility in water: 4.585 g/l @ 68 °F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting / freezing point: 48 °F</td>
<td>Specific Gravity (H2O=1, at 4 °C): 1.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Low / high boiling point: No data  |  Relative density: No data  
Upper flammability limits: f.p. at or above 200 °F  |  Decomposition temperature: No data  
Lower flammability limits: No data  |  Viscosity: ~ 400 centipoise

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated., No corrosive effect on metal. Not fire propagating.

10.2 Chemical stability
These products are stable at room temperature in closed containers under normal storage and handling conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization cannot occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
None known

10.5 Incompatible materials
Strong bases and acids

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
Thermal oxidative decomposition can produce carbon oxides, gasses/vapors, and traces of incompletely burned carbon compounds.

Section 11- Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute Toxicity
LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (rat)  
LD50 Inhalation: No data available  
LD50 Dermal: >2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Mild skin irritation (Rabbit, 24 h)

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation
Severe eye irritation (OECD TG 405)

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization
May cause sensitization by skin contact (OECD TG 406)

Germ Cell Mutagenicity
negative (Ames Test, S. typhimurium)

Carcinogenicity
No component of these products present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH or NTP.

Reproductive Toxicity
No data available
Section 12 - Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity
LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout): > 116 mg/l (96 h)
EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): 6.9 mg/l (72 h)

12.2 Persistence and Degradability
No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential
No data available

12.4 Mobility in Soil
No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
No data available

12.6 Other Adverse Effects
No data available

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Under Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste as defined in 40 CFR Part 261. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws. Regulations may vary in various locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator.

Container disposal
Steel drums must be emptied and can be sent to a licensed drum reconditioner for reuse, a scrap metal dealer or an approved landfill. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers since residue is difficult to remove. Under no circumstances should empty drums be burned or cut open with gas or electric torch as toxic decomposition products may be liberated. Do not reuse empty containers.

Section 14 - Transport Information

Not regulated by DOT / IMDG / IATA
15.1 Safety health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

This product complies with REACH or is not subject to regulation under REACH. The product does not contain an ingredient listed on either the Candidate List or Authorization List for Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC).

In the United States (EPA Regulations)
TSCA Inventory Status (40 CFR710)
All components of this formulation are listed in the TSCA Inventory. No component of this formulation has been determined to be subject to manufacturing or use restrictions under the Significant New Use Rules (SNURs).

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
None known.

SARA 302 Components
No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312
Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313
This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

State Right-to-Know

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS#</th>
<th>State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tin(II) bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
<td>301-10-0</td>
<td>MA, PA, NJ</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

California Proposition 65
This product does not intentionally contain any chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
No chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.
Abbreviations and acronyms
ACGIH-American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI-American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS-Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec-Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP-Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL-Domestic Substances List; EC-Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA-Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL-Effects screening levels; GHS-Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals; HMIS-Hazardous Material Information Service; IATA-International Air Transport Association; IMDG-International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code; LC-Lethal Concentration; LD-Lethal Dose; NFPA-National Fire Protection Association; OEL-Occupational Exposure Limit; OSHA-Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Dept. of Labor; PEL-Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)-Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313-Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA-Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL-Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ-Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV-Threshold Limit Value; TSCA-Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA-Time Weighted Value; US DOT-US Department of Transportation; WHMIS-Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

Disclaimer
The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is considered accurate as of the version date. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of the data. Since the use of this product is not within the control of Smooth-On Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the suitability of the product for its intended application and assumes all risk and liability for its safe use.


Classifications of the chemical in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, signal word, hazard and precautionary statement(s), symbol(s) and other information are based on listed concentration of each hazardous ingredient. Unlisted ingredients are not "hazardous" per the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), WHMIS and EC No 1907/2006 and are considered trade secrets under US Federal Law (29 CFR and 40 CFR), Canadian Law (Health Canada Legislation), and European Union Directives.